

Mechanical Energy Worksheet

1. What is:

Kinetic energy's formula	Potential energy's formula	Mechanical energy's formula
$E_k = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m \cdot v^2$	$E_p = m \cdot g \cdot h$	$E_m = E_k + E_p$

2. A quarterback throws a football weighing 200.0 g at a speed of 10.0 km/h at a height of 20.0 m. What is the football's mechanical energy?

$$E_m = E_k + E_p$$

① E_k

$$m = 200.0 \text{ g} \rightarrow 0.2 \text{ kg}$$

$$v = 10.0 \text{ km/h} \rightarrow 10 \times 1000 / 3600 = 2.777$$

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m \cdot v^2$$

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0.2 \cdot 2.78^2 = 0.7716 \rightarrow \boxed{0.772 \text{ J}}$$

② $E_p = m \cdot g \cdot h$

$$E_p = 0.2 \times 9.8 \times 20.0$$

$$E_p = 39.2 \rightarrow \boxed{39.2 \text{ J}}$$

③ $E_m = E_k + E_p$

$$E_m = 0.772 + 39.2$$

$$E_m = 39.972$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\boxed{40.0 \text{ J}}$$

3. A crane carries a metal tube weighing 95.0 kg 90.0 m above ground at a speed of 2.0 km/h. What is metal tube's mechanical energy?

① E_k

$$m = 95.0 \text{ kg}$$

$$v = 2.0 \text{ km/h} \rightarrow 2000 / 3600 = 0.55 \text{ m/s}$$

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m \cdot v^2$$

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} \times 95.0 \times 0.55^2$$

$$E_k = 14.660 \rightarrow \boxed{15 \text{ J}}$$

② $E_p = m \cdot g \cdot h$

$$E_p = 95 \times 9.8 \times 90$$

$$E_p = 83790 \text{ J} \rightarrow \boxed{83800 \text{ J}}$$

③ $E_m = E_k + E_p$

$$E_m = 15 + 83800$$

$$E_m = 83815 \Rightarrow \boxed{83800 \text{ J}}$$

4. A bus weighing 7000.0 kg travels at a speed of 50.0 km/h. It reaches an area that has a lot of hills. One hill is at 10.0 m, the next is at 4.0 m and the last is at 20.0 m high. What is the mechanical energy of the bus when it reaches the top of the third hill?

① E_k

$$m = 7000.0 \text{ kg}$$

$$v = 50.0 \text{ km/h} \rightarrow 50000 / 3600 = 13.8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m \cdot v^2$$

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} \times 7000.0 \times 13.8^2$$

$$E_k = 675154 \text{ J}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\boxed{675000 \text{ J}}$$

② $E_p = m \cdot g \cdot h$

$$E_p = 7000.0 \times 9.8 \times 20.0$$

$$E_p = 1372000 \text{ J}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\boxed{1370000 \text{ J}}$$

③ $E_m = E_k + E_p$

$$E_m = 675000 + 1370000$$

$$E_m = 2045000$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\boxed{2050000 \text{ J}}$$

5. A stone weighing 40.0 g is tossed into the air at a speed of 40.0 m/s. It reaches a height of 30.0 m. What is the ball's mechanical energy at this height?

① E_k

$$m = 40.0 \text{ g} \rightarrow 0.0400 \text{ kg}$$

$$v = 40.0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m \cdot v^2$$

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} \times 0.04 \times 40.0^2$$

$$E_k = 32 \text{ J} \rightarrow \boxed{32.0 \text{ J}}$$

② E_p

$$E_p = m \cdot g \cdot h$$

$$E_p = 0.04 \times 9.8 \times 30.0$$

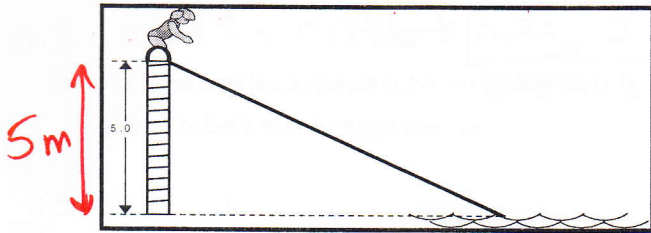
$$E_p = 11.76 \rightarrow \boxed{11.8 \text{ J}}$$

③ $E_m = E_k + E_p$

$$E_m = 32.0 + 11.8$$

$$E_m = 43.8 \text{ J}$$

6. A camp has a waterslide that is 5.0 meters high. Debra, a 55 kg camper, is sliding down the waterslide from rest as shown below.



How fast will Debra be travelling when she reaches the water? Neglect resistance forces (air and friction).

$$E_p \text{ at top} = E_k \text{ at bottom}$$

① E_p

$$m = 55 \text{ kg}$$

$$E_p = m \cdot g \cdot h$$

$$E_p = 55 \times 9.8 \times 5.0$$

$$E_p = 2695 \text{ J}$$



keep same
'til end
of problem.

② $E_k = E_p$

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m \cdot v^2$$

$$2695 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 55 \cdot v^2$$

$$2695 = 27.5 \times v^2$$

$$98 = v^2$$

$$\sqrt{98} = v$$

$$\rightarrow 9.899$$

$$\boxed{9.9 \text{ m/s}}$$